

Salesmen

Of ability find a ready demand for their services through the Salesmen column in the Want section today.

WASHINGTON INVESTIGATING TURF SCANDAL

Federal Prosecution Likely to Follow Inquiry Into Truthfulness of Statements in Company's Literature.

ARNOLD'S LAWYER IS RELATED TO OFFICIAL

When Company Refused to Show Books Investigators Accepted Table of Figures and Made Favorable Report

By a Staff Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Federal prosecutions will be instituted against the proprietors and other officers of the J. J. Ryan and E. J. Arnold turf investment companies, if an investigation, just set on foot by the postmaster-general, reveals the necessary evidence.

The fact that these and other concerns suspected of fraudulent use of the mails are able to carry on their business by the distribution of cleverly worded literature, which enabled them to evade the postal laws, has led to a request by the attorney-general of Congress to enact laws as will prohibit such schemes and guessing contests that may now not under the statutes be construed as lotteries.

The bill covering such games of chance has been forwarded to Senator Jones of Arkansas, by George C. A. Christensen, who directs the work of the assistant attorney-general's office.

Mr. Christensen stated to the Post-Dispatch that the original investigation of St. Louis turf investment companies was made under his direction, and that the first concern examined was that of John J. Ryan.

Ryan was cited to appear in Washington on Nov. 11 last.

Up to that time the Washington authorities had no official information, so Mr. Christensen asked of the method of turf investment companies, nor was any recommendation that a fraud order be issued against the members of the Chief Postal Inspector Dice of St. Louis.

With the same air of bravado which marked his conduct following the contract with the mail, Mr. Ryan walked into the attorney-general's office. "He had on," said Mr. Christensen, "a class and a style of coat which I thought looked as though they were the latest of the fad fashions."

Inspector Was

Inspector John F. Fulton, who was detailed to ascertain information as to the inner workings of Ryan's company, was absent from the hearing. The result was that Ryan's side only was presented. It was said at the department that if this inspector had been present he would have known of Ryan & Co., a fraud order would have then and there been issued and these concerns put out of business.

Ryan was extremely bold in his assertions. He declared that he was paying the 6 per cent a week out of his earnings to his agents, and from the principal of the money paid in by subscribers.

He showed his literature, and inspection was made of it to prove that the department did not recognize any guarantee of more than 6 per cent interest compounded semi-annually.

Ryan agreed to withdraw this guarantee and to state that he would pay 6 per cent—provided the earnings justified such a dividend.

After a most minute examination of his books, which was made in St. Louis by post office inspectors J. F. Fulton and John D. Deppeler, the report was made.

After reviewing the result of this inspection the report of these inspectors to the first assistant postmaster general says:

"To the best of my information, the condition of J. J. Ryan & Co. was made an investigation of the company's business on November 23 and 24, 1902."

"No satisfactory evidence for estimating that on November 11, 1902, Ryan had sufficient money to offset his liabilities to subscribers as stated in his answer to question No. 17."

Cash on hand November 25, 1902, \$63,500.

Cash in bank same date, \$73,270.00.

Liabilities to subscribers, \$178,569.

Surplus, \$46,859.10.

At Mr. Ryan's request the farm and breed mare assets were not figured.

Couldn't Get at Arnold's Books.

With respect to Arnold & Co. the post office inspectors stated that they were not permitted to examine the affairs of that concern, but they accepted Arnold's statement which showed the following financial condition:

November 24, 1902, total assets, \$500,000.17.

Liabilities to subscribers, \$448,665.

Balances on hand, \$146,352.17.

Net earnings, October to November, 1902, \$55,265.

If these representations are found to be false the government will proceed against the turf investment companies.

When Arnold's case was taken up the question as to whether the literature was objectionable came in effect that the Arnold & Co. was never in debt, and that the department had no objection to it. He added that this did not relieve them of responsibility for any representations which they might be guilty of.

Instead of saying that 2 per cent a week would be paid, Arnold changed the guarantee to 6 per cent, and the 2 per cent of the earnings would be paid to subscribers.

Tyler, a nephew of J. N. Tyner, wife, and son, a few years has made a fortune from his post office clientele. He lives in palatial style in Baltimore, but has offices here.

Cones of Tyner's letter approving the Arnold literature were sent by Tyler to Arnold's attorney. This procedure, according to Mr. Christensen, is customary.

ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

THE ONLY ST. LOUIS NEWSPAPER WITH THE ASSOCIATED PRESS DAY DISPATCHES.

TWELVE PAGES.

VOL. 55, NO. 181.

ST. LOUIS, WEDNESDAY EVENING, FEBRUARY 18, 1903.

PRICE | In St. Louis, One Cent
Outside St. Louis, Two Cents.

5 O'CLOCK EDITION
COMPLETE MARKET REPORTS.

RECEIVER NAMED FOR ARNOLD CO.

Solomon L. Swarts was appointed receiver for E. J. Arnold & Co. by United States District Court Eastern Division of Missouri Wednesday afternoon.

He has given bond in the sum of \$50,000, and has qualified as receiver.

He will take into his possession property of the bankrupt wherever it is situated.

Sale & Sale are attorneys for creditors on whose petition the referee was appointed.

The referee has ascertained that there is from \$5000 to \$10,000 in the Boatmen's Bank, and that there are horses at Memphis, New Orleans and San Francisco. It is expected that legal complications will arise in claiming property out of the state, but attorneys for the creditors are confident of getting all the assets.

ZERO WEATHER AND PROMISES

Good Dr. Hyatt Insists That Warmer Days Are Coming, but the Cold Snap Remains.

With the cold wave extending from Omaha to New York, St. Louis is no worse off than many other cities, and while it may remain cold to-night, the temperature will go up Thursday.

The cruel wind that sent the chill through the clothing at day-light is not expected to continue.

There is skating at all the parks and sleighing on the boulevards. The river is not frozen.

Dr. Hyatt says the "high" which is mainly responsible for the continued cold wave, pounced on St. Louis about 3 o'clock Wednesday morning and the mercury sank 6 degrees in an hour. An hour later it had dropped 9 degrees and at 7 o'clock it was again at zero.

The thermometer readings today are:

1 a. m. 20 above 11 a. m. 1 above

2 a. m. 20 above 12 m. 3 above

7 a. m. Zero 1 p. m. 6 above

8 a. m. 1 below 3 p. m. 7 above

10 a. m. Zero 4 p. m. 6 above

10 p. m. Zero

But for an instant "high" which started in North Dakota and is sweeping southeast over the central west. Dr. Hyatt says there would have been an abatement of the rigorous temperature of the past two days.

As it is it will be fair tonight and Thursday. The cold will continue tonight, but he predicts rising temperature Thursday.

St. Louis is faring well, even if the mercury hovers about the zero mark. The highest temperature is 52 above, at Galveston, and the lowest, 30 below, at Bismarck, Springfield, Ill., and Chicago saw the thermometer indicating 6 below zero when they awoke Wednesday morning.

At Keokuk, Davenport and Dubuque the readings are from 10 to 12 below, while at Springfield, Mo., it was 8 above. Calm people can smile at their less fortunate neighbors, for it is 22 above there. Buffalo is having zero weather, and in New York City, where there is a coal shortage, it is 6 above. It is 14 below at Omaha and 20 above at Denver. San Francisco is revolving in enjoyable weather with 44 above.

It is snowing over parts of the Ohio valley and the lake regions. A "high" which started in the South Atlantic states and one in the north central west are moving southeast. There is a "low" hovering over the lake region.

FIREMEN SAVED MANY SLEEPERS

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—Quick work by firemen saved the lives of several persons who lived in the five-story brick building at 112 North Clark street, early this morning, when a fire broke out on the third floor of the structure.

Clayton Busch, proprietor of the beer and concert hall on the first floor of the building, and his wife and children were carried from the burning building and cared for by the police. Other persons living in the building were overcome by smoke and carried out by the firemen and policemen.

The building stood at the edge of the river. Tied at the pier in the rear of the structure was a big lake steamer.

The crew of the boat were aroused and a tug hurriedly sent for removed the boat from danger. Deck hands were kept busy as a bucket brigade to keep the sparks from igniting the boat.

HOTEL FIRE FATAL TO TWO PERSONS

PONT HURON, Mich., Feb. 18.—The St. Clair Hotel, one of the largest hosteries of the city, was destroyed by fire at an early hour this morning.

The loss was \$1,000,000.

A man named Worthy, employed at the hotel as yardman, is missing and is believed to have been burned to death; Milton Campbell, fireman, was fatally crushed under falling walls.

All the hotel guests escaped, many them rushing out in their night clothes when they awoke.

JUSTICE SHIRAS RESIGNS.

He Will Be Succeeded on Supreme Bench By William R. Day of Ohio.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—Justice George Shiras of the United States Supreme Court today presented to the President his resignation as a member of that tribunal to take effect Feb. 24.

Former Secretary of State William R. Day of Ohio, has been selected as the successor of Mr. Shiras.

Justice Shiras was appointed from Pennsylvania in 1892. He is 71 years old.

PUSHING THE PANAMA CANAL.

Government Accepts Sale Offer and Senators Will Act.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—The full vote yesterday for mayor was as follows: John Weaver, Republican, Municipal League and United Labor, 168,781; Francis Fisher Kane, Democrat, 23,768; Alfred D. Calvert, Prohibition, 10,265; Howard H. Caldwell, Socialist, 1,961.

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WM. RATICAN STOPS WHEELS OF THE LAW

Grandjury Pauses in Its Pursuit of Swindlers Because Contractor Doesn't Deliver Coal to the Four Courts.

CHIEF KIELY'S RELIEF TOO LATE TO SAVE DAY

City Hall Was at Greenland Temperature, and Mayor Wells and Marriage License Clerk Wore Overcoats.

WHO IS RATICAN?

He is the city's "coal man" in winter, charged with the duty of supplying all the fuel needed to keep the public buildings warm.

He is the "sprinkling man" in summer, the target of the popular fusillade against muddy or dusty streets.

Additional publicity came to him through the circumstance of his return from Europe last summer on the same ship with Bouldor Kelly.

"Coal, coal! Give us coal," is the cry from all the city buildings.

A last warning was given at the Four Courts early Wednesday morning. Chief Kielty was the man of the hour, but the supply of coal he secured did not arrive until after the grandjury and the criminal courts had adjourned for the day.

The courthouse has one day's supply, a better situation than on Tuesday when the building shut down for the day.

RATICAN Nailed to Deliver Goods.

William Ratigan, whose office is at 212 South Seventh street, is the man responsible for supplying the city institutions with coal during the present cold spell.

His contract with the city specifically states that he shall at all times, during the time the contract runs, have the city institutions and public buildings supplied with all the coal they need.

This has failed to do and much distress has been caused at the hospitals and inconvenience at other public buildings because of his failure.

When the present cold snap came up there was not a week's supply of coal at any of the institutions. Ratigan secured the contract last June and had all the intervening time to fill the coal bins at the institutions and buildings with enough coal to prepare for the wintry season.

Soon after getting the contract, however, he went to Europe. It will be remembered that he returned on the ship with Charles F. Kelly, the then fugitive member of the House of Delegates.

May Charge It Up to Ratigan.

Ratican's contract provides that when he fails to have sufficient coal at the institutions, the supply commissioners may buy the necessary coal and charge it to Ratigan. This is now being done by Commissioner Meier.

Under the new forthcoming in good quantities on Thursday morning, not only will the criminal courts and grandjury be closed, but the civil courts in the courthouse will be compelled to adjourn, as on Tuesday.

Tuesday no civil courts, Wednesday no criminal courts, and no promise of any courts on Thursday.

Topeka Up Floor to Warm Jail.

In issuing his warning at 9:30 Wednesday morning, Sheriff Ben Baccat at the Four Courts building said he did not have a pound of coal.

The loss was \$1,000,000.

A man named Worthy, employed at the hotel as yardman, is missing and is believed to have been burned to death; Milton Campbell, fireman, was fatally crushed under falling walls.

All the hotel guests escaped, many them rushing out in their night clothes when they awoke.

FINED FOR SLAPPING WIFE.

Charles Peterson, Aged Sixty, Made Unsatisfactory Answer to Judge Sidener's Question.

"Why did you slap your wife in the face?"

This question was asked Charles A. Peterson Wednesday by Judge Sidener.

"Oh, she is my wife," was the reply, given with a shrug of the shoulder that caused a flush in the courtroom. The cause of the fight was not given.

Peterson, for the day before the good news was received, but the police department did not suffer beyond a few hours' inconvenience.

Over the telephone the commissioner said he could not get coal and the contractor if the commissioner would pay for coal he would order, and received an affirmative reply.

Chief Kielty then called up a coal dealer and politician of some prominence and asked for coal. The dealer said he could not get coal, but had no team.

Chief Kielty found teams and sent after the coal, and at 10:30 o'clock had a supply for part of the day.

The afternoon the afternoon Chief Kielty promised to have a supply that would avert the closing down of the building.

The grandjury and the court adjourned for the day before the good news was received, but the police department did not suffer beyond a few hours' inconvenience.

SHEEDY LIKENS RYAN TO MORGAN

Famous Gambler Discusses Turf Companies and Other People's Money.

TWO WAYS TO GET RICH. BY CHANCE OR CHEATING

Seeker of Concession for Oriental Clients Says He Would Rather Win From Rich Men Than From Poor.

Patrick F. Sheedy, the best-known gambler in the world, late of Egypt, arrived in St. Louis this morning to apply for a World's Fair concession for clients in Turkey and Smyrna. Mr. Sheedy says they wish to exhibit Oriental rugs and "other things," and that he may remain here several weeks in their interest.

When asked to explain in detail the nature of the concession he desires, Mr. Sheedy, always affable and interesting, was willing to discuss at length certain phases of the St. Louis "get-rich-quick" imbroglio.

"Pat" Sheedy, as the sporting world knows him, is particularly quick to discuss gambling subjects, having been for several years proprietor of the famous Casino at Cairo, Egypt, and having a close familiarity with the modus operandi of Monte Carlo. Incidentally, Mr. Sheedy is known to fame as the manager of Mr. Sullivan, pugilist, in the palmy days of "John L." and also as the man who effected the restoration of the famous Gainsborough painting, "Duchess of Devonshire."

"There are only two ways to make fortunes these days," observed Mr. Sheedy to the Post-Dispatch. "They are by chance and by cheating."

Both the proprietors of the St. Louis get-rich-quick concerns and their customers tried to get rich by chance.

Square Gamblers

Make Most Money.

If the proprietors tried to get rich by cheating, too, I don't know it. I never knock.

Gamblers once in while may cheat, but not the best gamblers. There's more money coming to the gambler who is on the square.

But suppose these concerns were fakes, for the sake of argument. Aren't there crooked lawyers and doctors and ministers as well as crooked gamblers?

There's not much difference between an honest man and a crook, after all. I don't think there's 10 per cent difference between the most honest man on earth and the biggest thief.

"It's merely a question of policy with both of them."

"I don't know Arnold or Ryan or these other fellows out here, but I've heard a lot about Ryan. What I've heard about him in the East has impressed me that he is a much smarter man-smarter than the people who are in business. That doesn't mean anything by that except that if they were smarter than Ryan he'd be bigger."

"But Ryan, for example, in trying to make a million or so in his turf scheme is pretty near the same as J. Pierpont Morgan."

BEST KNOWN GAMBLER IN THE WORLD SEEKS WORLD'S FAIR CONCESSIONS



PATRICK F. SHEEDY.

SOME OF GAMBLER SHEEDY'S LATEST SNAPPY SAYINGS

(Extracts from his interview today.)

There's only about 10 per cent difference between the most honest man in the world and the biggest thief. It's only a question of policy with both of them.

The honest man, as a rule, wears a No. 7 hat and the thief a No. 6. The honest man lives in luxury and the thief lands behind the bars.

The word of a gambler is better than that of a "squealer," any time and anywhere.

John J. Ryan and J. Pierpont Morgan are alike, except that Ryan is Morgan's superior in one respect. Morgan is a sure thing gambler. Ryan takes a chance.

John W. Gates is the biggest sport I ever saw anywhere in the world. Gates and Morgan and Ryan all play the same system. That's the O. P. M. system. The initials indicate other people's money.

I would take Ryan's word as man to man, but I have no money for Ryan's schemes. "Patrick" has more schemes than money of his own.

Fortunes are made by chance and cheating nowadays, not by ability and industry.

In England I would have to build a mansion to hold my money if I could work a scheme like Arnold and Ryan have been working in St. Louis. They believe everything you tell them over there.

gan in his schemes. The only difference between Ryan and Morgan is in Ryan's favor.

"Morgan is a sure-thing gambler. Ryan takes a chance. They tell me he'd bet last dollar on a race.

"John W. Gates isn't like Morgan. He's the biggest sport I ever saw in any part of the world, and I've been all over it."

"But Ryan and Morgan and Arnold and Gates all play the same system. I call it 'That means Other People's Money.'

"It's the same system the girls play at Monte Carlo."

"Ryan always plays the O. P. M. system. I have sympathy for the poor people

who are reported to have lost money with Ryan and Morgan and other St. Louis speculative conmen."

"But for those who could afford to lose it."

"There's no false modesty about Patrick. He's got getting all the money from the world, and I've been all over it."

"But Ryan and Morgan and Arnold and Gates all play the same system. I call it 'That means Other People's Money.'

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"Ryan always plays the O. P. M. system. I have sympathy for the poor people

FROM ROCKIES TO FAR MAINE

The Whole Country in the Grasp of Below-Zero Weather.

BITTER COLD ALONG THE GREAT LAKES

In Wisconsin the Mercury Shows 20 Degrees Under the Mark and the States of New York and Pennsylvania Fall Not Far Behind.

Today it is biting cold from the Rocky Mountains to Maine.

In many cities the mercury shows it to be the coldest day of the year. In the Northwest and along the great lakes the weather began to moderate last evening, but after midnight a cold wave came from the North, and this morning was many degrees colder than yesterday.

Here are the figures showing the markings of thermometers in the cold belt at 6 a.m. today:

Topeka, Kan.	7 below
St. Louis, Minn.	18 below
Chicago	7 below
New Haven, Conn.	18 below
Pittsburg, Pa.	6 below
Towns in Pennsylvania	6 to 14 below

Water rates where 1000 gallons of water are used daily:

St. Louis, 30 cents per 1000 gallons.

Chicago, 10 cents per 1000 gallons.

Kansas City, 9½ cents per 1000 gallons.

Detroit, 7 cents per 1000 gallons.

Cleveland, 5 1-3 cents per 1000 gallons.

Water rates where 1000 gallons of water are used daily:

St. Louis, 12½ cents per 1000 gallons.

Detroit, 2½ cents per 1000 gallons.

Cleveland, 5 1-3 cents per 1000 gallons.

Water rates where 1000 gallons of water are used daily:

St. Louis \$47.279.00

Chicago 156,949.64

Kansas City 269,757.19

Water rates where 1000 gallons of water are used daily:

St. Louis 386,994.83

Cleveland 266,012.82

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GILL'S LIFE LIKE FICTION

Mysterious Woman Witness Furnishes Circuit Attorney Folk With a Portrait and Valuable Information.

Circuit Attorney Folk learned the life story of Lumpkin A. Gill, otherwise known as Gill A. Lumpkin, the St. Louis manager of Arnold & Co.

A picture of Gill was taken to Attorney Folk late Tuesday afternoon by a handily dressed woman who was identified as Mrs. Mary Jones, who was the last witness to go before that body for the day.

The woman was 35 years old, handily dressed, and after testifying before the grandjury asked for the return of the picture she had brought, but Mr. Folk told her to get it later. Gill never refused to let the police department have use of the picture to make a copy. It was after the woman had left that Mr. Folk remarked as to the weird history of Gill and compared it with fiction.

THINK IT OVER.

Something you can see in any Restaurant or Cafe.

A physician puts the query: Have you never noticed in any large restaurant at lunch or dinner time the large number of hearty, vigorous old men at the tables; men whose ages run from 60 to 80 years; many of them bald and all perhaps gray, but none of them feeble or senile?

Perhaps the spectacle is so common as to have escaped your observation or comment, but nevertheless it is an object lesson which means something.

If you will notice what these hearty old fellows are eating you will observe that they are not munching bran crackers nor gingerly picking their way through a menu card of new fangled health foods; on the contrary they seem to prefer a juicy roast of beef, a properly turned loin of mutton, and even the deadly broiled lobster is not altogether ignored.

The point of all this is that a vigorous old age depends upon good digestion and plenty of wholesome food and not upon dieting and an endeavor to live upon bran crackers.

There is a certain class of food cranks who seem to believe that meat, coffee and many other good things are rank poisons, but these cadavers, sickly looking individuals, are a walking condemnation of their own theories.

The matter in a nutshell is that if the stomach secretes the natural digestive juices in sufficient quantity any wholesome food will be properly digested; if the stomach does not do so, and certain foods cause distress one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets after each meal will remove all difficulty because they supply just what every weak stomach lacks, pepsin, hydro-chloric acid, diastase and nux.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets do not act upon the bowels and in fact are not strictly a medicine, as they act almost entirely upon the food eaten, digesting it thoroughly and thus gives a much needed rest and giving an appetite for the next meal.

Of people who travel nine out of ten use Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets, knowing them to be perfectly safe to use at any time and also having found out by experience that they are a safeguard against indigestion in any form, and eating as they have to, at all hours and all kinds of food, the traveling public for years have pinned their faith to Stuart's Tablets.

All druggists sell them at 60 cents for full sized packages and any druggist from Maine to California, if his opinion were asked, would say that Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the most popular and successful remedy for any stomach trouble.

PACKERS LOSE IN U. S. COURT

Judge Grosscup, of Chicago, Enjoins the "Beef Trust" Operations.

COMBINATION IN RESTRAINT OF TRADE HE DECLARES

Agreement Not to Bid Against Each Other for Cattle, Fix Prices and Restrict Shipments Held to Be Unlawful.

CHICAGO, Feb. 18.—The demurrer of the packers in the so-called "beef trust" case, was overruled by Judge Grosscup in the United States Circuit Court today, and a motion granted for a temporary injunction.

"There can be no doubt," said Judge Grosscup, "that the agreement of the defendants to refrain from bidding against each other in the purchase of cattle, is combination in restraint of trade; so also their agreement to bid up prices to stimulate shipments, intending to cease from bidding when the shipments arrived.

"The same result follows when we turn to the combination of defendants to fix prices upon and control the quantities of meat shipped to their agents or their customers."

"Such agreements can be nothing less than a combination in restraint of trade; and, thus viewed, the petition, as at present, makes out a case under the Sherman Act."

"It may be true that the way of enforcing any decree under this petition is not clear, but the action upon the enforcement may result in vexatious interference with defendants' affairs. But, in the inquiry before me, I am not at liberty to stop the show."

"The Sherman act, as interpreted by the supreme court, is the law of the land and to it as it stands both court and people subscribe."

"The demurrer is overruled and the motion for preliminary injunction granted."

The packers did not answer when their names were called, but they have 20 days within which to make up their minds.

"It is legitimate and ought to be a right to be a master-in-chancery. We have al-

ways had a regular wild west show. It is going to be clean. I am not going to allow any of the packers to break it. We will have the best show on the road."

"I shall not show myself in the arena at all," continued Younger. "I do not want to transact business of my own business and shall attend strictly to the business end of the show. I am just giving it a name that I saw him about in Independence. I am not going to tell him about whether or not he is going to join the show. The show I am to own cost about \$67,000. I believe Allott will remain with us as an associate. We have got a pretty fair outfit already and intend to buy more things. We have always had a good show above the horses through a Kansas City director. The show will be a regular wild west show. It is going to be clean. I am not going to allow any of the packers to break it. We will have the best show on the road."

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BLOOD POISON CURE "KNOCKED"

Bacteriologists Say Tests on Rabbits Show That Formalin Is Failure.

TEMPORARY CHECK TO GERMS IN THE LONG RUN INJURIOUS

Although Remedy Has Saved Many Lives, Doctors Insist That It Dis-eases the Blood and Impairs the Cells.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—With characteristic glibness, physicians who did not discover the formalin treatment for blood poisoning, but who were wont to warn the world against the too hasty acceptance of it as a proved cure, are heralding it as a failure today because certain tests made on rabbits tend toward that conclusion.

Just how a negative result is more weighty than a positive one, when each has been subjected to only a limited number of tests, is a problem for laymen, not for the medical profession. The cure has already saved many lives.

It is asserted that tests show that formalin is only a temporary check to the growth of germs and the long run proves an injury to the patient.

Rabbits infected with blood poison germs and subjected to formalin treatment died within four hours, showing that they were largely infected and not placed under the treatment.

Dr. Park and Dr. W. A. Payne, both members of the health department, began experiments soon after the first cure of blood poisoning by Dr. Barrows was announced.

Two dozen rabbits were inoculated at the same time with the germs of blood poison—the streptococcus germ. An hour later, a dozen of the animals were given an injection of formalin. In every case save one the dozen rabbits on which formalin had been used died from 12 to 24 hours before the test was completed. The cure had already saved many lives.

The rabbits on which the formalin treatment was tried showed symptoms of temporary relief. It was declared that the results of the tests were so encouraging that formalin coagulated the bacteria and stopped their growth for a time, it injured the heart and seriously impaired the coils. The formalin also lessened the power of resistance to the bacteria.

CAMEL RIDE FOR EVERYBODY

George Pangelo, Original Streets of Cairo Man, Gets World's Fair Concession.

George Pangelo has been granted the first amusement concession of the World's Fair. He will present the camel ride in a larger and more elaborate scene than he did at Chicago in 1893. The Egypt-St. Louis Exposition Co. was incorporated Tuesday with a capital of \$100,000. Directors and stockholders are George Pangelo, Charles Allen, Henry Allen, Edward Buder and G. A. Buder.

Pangelo will depart for the Orient as soon as possible for the purpose of getting accurate dimensions and all data concerning the camel ride. Egypt-St. Louis will be duly accredited to Turkey and Egypt as honorary commissioners of the World's Fair.

COURT OF APPEALS.

The Court of Appeals handed down the following decisions Wednesday morning:

By Justice Blane: Conrad L. De Foe, respondent, vs. Anthony Williamson, appellant, vs. Louis J. Ely, et al., etc., respondent, vs. Ely Walker D. O. Co., appellant, Webster, reversed.

Miss Donie Case, appellant, vs. Cordell Zinc and Lead Mining Co., respondent; Greene, affirmed.

State of Missouri, appellant, vs. Fred Jacobs et al., respondent; Dent, affirmed.

George W. Warner, respondent, vs. May Donahue, et al., etc., respondent, vs. Louis J. Ely, et al., etc., respondent, vs. Ely Walker D. O. Co., appellant, Webster, reversed.

Wm. Grayson, respondent, vs. St. Louis Transit Co., appellant, city, reversed in part; affirmed in part.

J. D. Grove, respondent, vs. Jessie Reynolds et al., respondent; Butler, reversed.

The Fraternal Union, respondent, vs. Max Kaufman, et al., respondent; Green, affirmed.

Theodore Weber, respondent, vs. Dennis Lane et al., respondent; St. Louis, reversed.

John G. Clark, respondent, vs. Lee Southwick, appellant; Oregon, appeal dismissed.

By Judge Rosen: Fred Kreppe, et al., respondent, vs. St. Louis, affirmed.

Charles Blatt, respondent, vs. Cape Girardeau C. of C. R., affirmed.

Alfred P. Marshall, respondent, vs. Eli Back, et al., respondent; St. Louis, affirmed.

State ex rel. Livsey & Love, appellants, vs. Eli Back, et al., respondent; St. Louis, affirmed.

By Judge Gooden: W. W. May, respondent, vs. W. A. Meeks, et al., respondent; New Madrid, affirmed.

E. C. Martham, respondent, vs. S. H. Over, et al., respondent; St. Louis, affirmed.

Frank J. Jackson, et al., respondent, vs. J. D. Moore, Jr., et al., respondent; St. Louis, affirmed.

City of Springfield et al., et al., respondent, vs. W. R. Underwood, et al., respondent; Springfield, affirmed.

Mutual Life Insurance of New York, plaintiff, vs. Lillian Richards, respondent, Jessie Reynolds, et al., respondent; St. Louis, affirmed.

John H. Knoeppel, respondent, vs. John Ahman et al., respondent; Warren, affirmed.

John H. Knoeppel, respondent, vs. W. J. Williams et al., respondent; St. Louis, appeal dismissed.

By Judge Rosen: Mrs. Holland, respondent, vs. Mrs. Holland for return of presents she gave her when they were engaged.

LATEST THING IN ENGAGEMENTS

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.



LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE

They Left Their Money.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
I see among signers of an agreement to leave our money with Mr. Arnold, this morning at the Benois building, Mr. E. L. Marx, the bondholder, is glad to see Mr. Marx has confidence in the concern. I understand he has induced a large number of his relatives to sign the agreement. The family is a large one and numerous connections. NOT RELATED.

Worried by Dogs.

To the Editor of the Post-Dispatch.
The mighty disturbances of the dogs in the neighborhood of Pennsylvaniaville availed me a nuisance. They bark all night, every night—these "bloods" congregate in a vacant lot early morning, barking and fighting until early morning. I have no remedy for this except to go to a specialty relief. It seems every other family on Park and St. Vincent have one or more dogs, and don't mind their nightly pranks.

Why should a city like this permit such a nuisance? Country towns are less troubled than St. Louis, where the dog license

timings before the state legislative committee in your paper of Monday, Feb. 16, beg space in which to make the following statement:

On Saturday, Feb. 14, I wrote to Senator Martin, chairman of the committee, asking him to call a hearing on the bill introduced by Rialto Grain and Securities Co. (which I have been trying to close up for some time past through use of the press and in other ways). Senator Martin sent me a letter Sunday morning, and at once caused me a subpoena in the regular way, commanding me to appear Monday morning at 10 a.m.

I long since severed my connection with the Rialto company (now having an account with the First National Bank), and the agreement, signed by President Hugh C. Dennis, with a good recommendation for efficient and reliable services. This resignation was due to the fact that the firm was doing a fraudulent business and impossible to reconcile my conscience to working for such a concern, even though we were not connected with it. I understand that my services were worth \$1,000 a month, and that the firm has since assisted the newspapers and the postoffice in their efforts to suppress the press. An immediate attack should be made to clean out all dogs; they are a credit to a clean community.

St. Louis. ST. VINCENT AVENUE.

CHARLES HOLLAND.

WILLIAM EWING LOVE.

PIKES PREPARE BANQUET.

Members of the arrangements committee of the Pike County Colony have announced that the annual banquet will be given on Saturday evening, Feb. 24, at the Standard Hotel.

Col. D. P. Dyer will preside as toastmaster. Among the speakers are: E. W. Major, Col. E. C. Culp, D. A. Ball and Hames H. Reeder.

ST. LOUIS IN NEW THEATRICAL DEAL

Stair and Havlin Join Hands With Fiske-Hackett-Crosman Combination.

ANOTHER HIGH-PRICED CIRCUIT HAS BEEN FORMED

Grand Opera House One of Nineteen Theaters Which Will Be Given Over to Attractions of New Combine.

The Fiske-Hackett-Crosman combination has made a deal with Stair and Havlin, whereby the Grand Opera House in this city will be made one in a chain of 19 theaters which will play high-priced attractions in opposition to the Klaw and Erlanger syndicate next season.

According to dispatches received from the East, the theaters which are to be included in this new circuit are the Grand Opera House, this city; The Majestic and Manhattan, New York; Lyceum, Toledo; Majestic, Boston; Auditorium, Philadelphia; Maryland Theater, Baltimore; Lafayette, Washington; Empire, Pittsburgh; Lyceum, Cleveland; Lyceum, Detroit; Grand Opera House, Chicago; Great Northern, Chicago; Walnut, Cincinnati; Grand, Kansas City; Grand, San Francisco; Grand, New Orleans; Grand, Toronto; Grand, Columbus; Grand, Indianapolis; Empire, Providence, and a new house in Denver.

The deal has been under consideration for some time, but was finally brought to a climax, it is said, by the action of the Klaw and Erlanger syndicate in offering to book attractions in the popular-priced houses.

While there has been no written agree-

ment between Stair and Havlin and the syndicate, there has been an understanding that the syndicate would keep its hands off the cheap houses. But now the syndicate sent out letters offering to book second season attractions in these houses and the action of Stair and Havlin in making a deal with the Fiske-Hackett combination, known as the Independent Booking Agency, is the result.

The first announcement comes out of Toledo, where Frank B. is a great friend of Messrs. Stair and Havlin, is said to have been made a party to the new deal. He will take some of their business off their hands.

Stair and Havlin, it is announced, will continue their popular price houses at at

present, but merely change the names of the houses and booking agents. Next season they will own no plays and will manage no producing companies, their only interest being in attractions.

It is also stated that in Buffalo, St. Paul,

Milwaukee and several other cities negotiations are pending, and that where they are made, the new circuit will be built.

It is quite likely that this part of the deal will not be rushed through, as other cities are not making any arrangement at this time.

In St. Louis, in which a new theater is built on paper, by promoters without money, pretty nearly every week.

Mardi-Gras, Feb. 18-24.

Low round-trip rates via Mobile & Ohio R. R. from St. Louis and all other stations to New Orleans and Mobile. Tickets on sale Feb. 17 to 22 inclusive, at No. 518 Olive street and Union Station, Liberal limits, stopovers, dining cars and through sleepers.

St. Mark's ladies will have an afternoon

outing on Thursday, Feb. 19, in rooms ad-

jacent to the church entrance on Page ave-

nue.

FITZGIBBON SCORED POINTS

Suspended City Register Was Favored by Testimony of Former City Counselor.

The Council will meet Thursday afternoon to continue the hearing of the defense of suspended City Register Patrick B. Fitzgibbon.

Former City Counselor Benjamin Schumacher was on the stand at the hearing Tuesday and testified that the making of separate requisitions for single items had been done according to his advice. He explained that these contracts had been let just as the contracts for ordinances had been let.

Charles Holland, secretary to the water commissioner, who has held that position since 1887, said it was often the custom of his office to make out a form contract. He said that during his tenure Fitzgibbon's tenure printing prices had been reduced.

Dennis P. O'Brien, chief deputy assessor, testified that he considered Fitzgibbon a prudent and honest official. Max Kaufman, secretary of the Board of Health, said he had no objection to the contracts but stipulated requirements to avoid advertising.

Con. P. Curran of the Con. P. Curran Printing Co. said that Fitzgibbon had let contracts honestly and economically.

If Your Eyes Trouble You

It's a plain duty you owe to yourself to give them prompt attention. No use putting such matters off, for the difficulty is only aggravated by delay.

Our opticians—all men of wide experience and highest technical skill—are at your service.

We examine and test your eyes free of charge.

If you need glasses, we tell you so.

If you need the services of an oculist, we just as frankly tell you so.

Our prices in every instance are as low as is consistent with first-class work.

Bring Us Your Oculist's Prescription.

Aloës

444-464 N. BROADWAY.

The Leading Optical Authority of America

Clear the voice.

Believe the throat.

Cure coughs and colds.

In house colds.

Avoid imitation.

BRONCHIAL TROCHES

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE

Are Not Like Ordinary Medicines.

They Will Not Disappoint You.

BECOMING A MOTHER

of the suffering and danger in store for her, robs the expectant mother of all pleasant anticipations of the coming event, and casts over her a shadow of gloom which cannot be shaken off. Thousands of women have found that the use of Mother's Friend during pregnancy relieves confinement of all pain and danger, and insures safety to life of mother and child. This scientific liniment is a god-send to all women at the time of their most critical trial. Not only does Mother's Friend carry women safely through the perils of child-birth, but it use gently prepares the system for the coming event, prevents "morning sickness," and other discomforts of this period. Sold by all druggists at \$1.00 per bottle. Book containing valuable information free. The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills For Pale People

Are Not Like Ordinary Medicines.

They Will Not Disappoint You.

HERE IS ABSOLUTE PROOF:

Rheumatism Permanently Cured.

Mr. Joseph V. Watson, of Astoria, Oregon, says: "In 1896, while in the fire department, frequent exposure brought on an attack of rheumatism. It grew worse and finally got so bad that I couldn't do any work. I partially lost the use of my right arm and side and suffered the horrible pain that only those who have rheumatism can feel. Part of the time I was confined to my bed. For a while I was under the care of a doctor in Seattle but he did not do me any good. He only gave me powders to soothe the pain so that I could get some sleep. I also tried massage but without any relief. Then I went to our regular doctor here but he could do nothing for me. He said he thought I was slightly touched with palsy.

This doctor seemed unable to help me I felt discouraged. But my wife noticed Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People advertised in some paper and we gave them a trial. This was in 1899 and two months after I began to use them I could walk again. I do not need to take any medicine now and I feel like another being. I can confidently say if any person will follow the directions he will be relieved."

Mr. Watson is now engineer in charge of the Hattie, one of the many yachts that ply upon the Columbia river, as able and hearty a man as one could wish to see, and he attributes it all to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. His address is No. 468 Irving avenue, Astoria, Oregon.

Partial Paralysis Cured.

"The doctor said I was not fit for work and that if I wanted to live I would have to give up business," said Mr. F. J. Graham of No. 125 Jefferson street, Peoria, Ill. "It was a kind of paralysis and it is due to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People that I am now in perfect health again. First I would be hot, then cold and clumsy, and at

DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE are sold by all druggists or will be sent by mail, postpaid, by the manufacturers upon receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for \$2.50. You are cautioned never to accept a substitute

MONEY IS COMING, MAN IS MISSING

Siegfried Pariser Disappeared
on the Eve of Receiving
a Small Fortune.

TWO MEN CALLED AT HIS
HOUSE AND MADE INQUIRIES

He Became Alarmed and Went Away
Without a Legacy Which Is on
the Way From Ger-
many.

Siegfried Pariser, alias "Luecke," alias Carl Seebeck, and his St. Louis wife, have left their former home at 910 North Eighteenth street and are thought to have left the city. The cause of their sudden departure was a call by two men who posed as plainclothes detectives at their home Saturday evening and questioned Mrs. Pariser about her husband's past record. The man was soon to receive \$6000 from Germany.

Pariser came from Berlin, Germany, about eight years ago. He was born in Berlin, Feb. 26, 1869. His parents are wealthy. It is said that while hardly more than a boy he had sold out his native country, and in order to save him from imprisonment he was declared insane and placed under the care of a guardian.

His Father
Left Him \$6000.

In the meantime his father died, leaving him \$6000.

Being under guardianship, he could only draw the interest.

Shortly after coming to this country he says he was compelled to marry a woman in Baltimore, Md. After two weeks he deserted her and came to St. Louis, where he married his present wife two years later without telling his parents about it.

He was compelled to seek employment to increase his income and found a position with a German theater company as a comedian. His wife followed him, paying his expenses. Recently he engaged a lawyer to get possession of his property in Germany. He was informed by his attorney that he must take out naturalization papers.

The Money Is
on the Way.

After his citizenship had been declared his attorney, through Dean B. Mason, vice and deputy consul of the United States in Berlin, obtained Pariser's money, and it now on its way to America.

But at this juncture, on the verge of receiving a small fortune, he has disappeared.

His attorney, who declines to give his name, thinks that the man who called on Mrs. Pariser was sent at the command of the Baltimore authorities, or at least that Pariser thought so, and that he and his wife have gone away to avoid possible prosecution.

Eyes Tested Free of Charge.

Drs. Bond and Montgomery, in charge of our optical department, will be pleased to test your eyes and fit them scientifically with eyeglasses and spectacles if required. Charges very reasonable. Steel frames, \$1 and up; gold, \$5 and up.

MERMOD & JACCARD'S,
Broadway and Locust.

AGENTS TO REPAIR HOUSES.

Co-Operative Organization Formed by
Estates and Landlords.

Property owners and agents representing large estates have formed an organization for the purpose of doing their own repair work. A company will be incorporated. One general office will be maintained, and each stockholder will be served in turn.

Oliver F. Bond, a real estate agent, the originator of the plan, will be president and general manager of the company. The company will be conducted on the co-operative plan.

Grace estimates that the new corporation will do a business amounting to half a million dollars annually.

FRED GEBHARDT'S LOVELY FIANCÉE WHO IS A ST. LOUIS GIRL BY BIRTH



MISS DRINA DE WOLFE.

CHILDREN FIND FATHER DEAD NEW FIELD EQUALS KLONDIKE

Milton Ferris of Belleville, Fainting
From Asthma Attack, Falls on
Stove and Dies Before
Found.

Children on the Yukon river confirm the story that a gold strike equaling that of the Klondike has been made in Tanana valley.

Two thousand miners are stampeding thither from Nome, Dawson, Eagle and Rampart.

Some of them will probably perish, as the weather throughout the Yukon valley has been most severe.

The stampeder are taking only enough supplies to last them on the journey.

This may endanger the lives of all, since provisions are very short in the new camp.

United States Commissioner Claypool writes from Circle that 600 claims have been recorded in the new district, which is officially known as Fairbanks, being named after Senator Fairbanks.

Bottles of coarse gold have been taken to the Commissioner Claypool fully confirming the stories of the strike.

Pedro, Coldstream and Pine creeks are the richest streams, running 25 to 50 cents per pan.

KILLED WIFE, LOVED ANOTHER.

Slayer Tells How He Committed the Murder.

At the Southern last evening Miss de Wolfe confirmed the report of her engagement to Mr. Gebhardt. When asked about it, she replied:

"Yes, it is true. I am engaged to Mr. Gebhardt."

"I don't think I care to say just yet. I want to make a little reputation on the stage first. You know I did make quite a hit in my first comedy, and I am going to stick to legitimate drama from now on."

Miss de Wolfe explained how it was that the company was resting in St. Louis this

"You see we didn't want to play one-night stands, and it was too far to go back to New York, so we can't be here longer."

Miss de Wolfe said she was as though it were the most common thing in the world for a company to lay off a week just because it didn't want to play one-night stands.

Among the diamonds which Miss de Wolfe wore at the theater Monday evening was a red diamond, a diamond which weighs 12 large diamonds. The coronet was Mr. Gebhardt's valentine.

Miss de Wolfe is a beautiful and refined young woman, dressed in a semi-auditorium style. Her dressing room at Mrs. Osborne's playhouse was said by the eastern papers to have been a thing of beauty. Almost every evening she adorned herself with magnificent bouquets of roses, violets, chrysanthemums and orchids, the gifts of Mr. Gebhardt.

Miss de Wolfe has a little boy a year and a half old, whom she had never seen until she met him in charge of a nurse at the American line pier last July.

**She Astonished
the Officials.**

She astonished the customs officers at the pier by rushing up to the gate and crying:

"I must get in. My baby is coming on the St. Louis and I have never set eyes on him."

"What?" exclaimed the man in charge.

"I can't go into details here," she said.

"It's true, I have no ticket, but I can't wait outside where I am on the same shore. Think how eager I am to see him."

The actions of Miss de Wolfe attracted a large crowd, and when she told her story they were much surprised at her frankness.

"My husband," she quivered continually, "said Miss de Wolfe, "and hardly were on speaking terms when little Jack here was born. Once in returning from a music hall, to New York, with Helen, and a merry party at midnight, she waded into a fountain on a challenge."

On another occasion she waded into a similar party, however, was leaping overboard from a yacht and a swimming about in a shirtwaist and a skirt.

Since Mr. Gebhardt's flirtations with Mrs. Langtry he has been married and divorced.

Mr. Gebhardt's wife was a very spirited woman, fond of innocent "sky-rocketing."

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Mardi Gras.

Feb. 18-24.

Low round-trip rates via Mobile & Ohio R. R. from St. Louis and all other stations to New Orleans and Mobile. Tickets on sale Feb. 17 to 23, inclusive, at No. 618 Olive street and Union Station. Liberal limits, stopovers, dining cars and through sleepers.

INDIAN WAREHOUSE CLERK.

James W. Fuson of Hartville, Mo., has been appointed clerk of the Indian warehouse in St. Louis. He succeeds Charles E. Ferguson, who has been promoted to a higher position.

Before his appointment he was county clerk of Webster County.

Rheumatism, more painful in this climate than any other affliction, cured by prescription No. 251 by Elmer & Amend.

FRED GEBHARDT'S FIANCEE IN TOWN

Miss Drina De Wolfe, a Member of Henry Miller's Company at the Southern.

ATTRACTED ATTENTION AT JOHN DREW'S OPENING

Is a Beautiful Titian Blonde and Wore a Brilliant and Lavish Display of Diamonds—Is St. Louis Girl by Birth.

First-nighters at the Olympic Monday night were interested in a party of young women who occupied the upper box on the right, and particularly in the beautiful girl with Titian blonde hair who sat on the extreme right, next to the balcony.

They were strangers in the city and few recognized them as members of Henry Miller's company, which will appear at the Olympic next week in "The Taming of Helen."

The young woman with the Titian hair and a wonderful display of diamonds was Miss Drina De Wolfe, the fiancee of producer Fred Gebhardt—the wealthy young New Yorker whose attention to Mrs. Langtry some years ago was the talk of the town.

Miss De Wolfe is a St. Louis girl by birth and her grandfather, William A. Walters, is well remembered by the older society.

Her father, Ernest J. Walters, a mine owner of Denver, left the city shortly after his daughter's birth and this is her first visit to the city since she left it at that time. Her grandmother is still living and makes her home in Washington, D. C., where she is one of the leaders of the old and exclusive set. During her stay here Miss De Wolfe has apartments at the Southern. She will play the part of the adventuress in Mr. Miller's play next week.

How She Came to

It is rather a strange story, how Miss De Wolfe came to go on the stage and how she became acquainted with Mr. Gebhardt.

When a small child she was sent to France and placed in a convent, where she remained until some three years ago.

If in that city she met young

Miss Langtry, was interested in the young

woman because her beauty attracted attention. She

played several parts successfully. But the marriage was not happy, and only a few months ago she was widowed.

Now she is in New York, where she has no strength and is all run down.

The doctor said my kidneys were not affected, and while I did

not eat, I procured a bottle of Swamp-Root and three days commenced to feel better.

Followed that with a diet and I was completely cured. My cure is very pleasant to me.

DR. KILMER'S SWAMP-ROOT

Kidney, Liver and Bladder Cure.

May save one or three thousand dollars before or after an operation. Children can convalesce in a week. Adults can increase to full health or more. The cure would be given.

This great remedy saves all kidney, liver, bladder and other trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root contains the finest kidney, gravel, rheumatism, gout, dropsy, sciatica, neuralgia, etc.

It is recommended to take

PREPARED ONLY BY
DR. KILMER & CO.,
BINGHAMTON, N. Y.
Sold by all Druggists.

(Swamp Root is pleasant to take.)

COLD IMPRISONED PASSENGERS

Though but Three Miles From Clayton
They Waited 18 Hours Before
Starting for St. Louis.

While the mercury fell Monday night and Tuesday morning, 35 passengers were for 18 hours on a railroad train at Fargo, three miles west of Clayton, on the Colorado branch of the Rock Island.

These passengers were due in St. Louis

Monday evening. A delayed west train at Fargo interrupted the journey, and the travelers were compelled to spend the night and the greater part of Tuesday in the car. There were a number of women and children aboard, and Tuesday morning there were cries of hunger. Conductor Mitchell sent a part of the train crew on a scout, and enough food was obtained to stop the walls of the little ones. It was 10 o'clock Tuesday afternoon before a relief train was sent out from St. Louis. The passengers were transferred and brought to the city.

NEW ALASKAN GOLDEN,

St. Louis Men Find It on United States Territory.

W. S. Flanagan of 1500 Boulevard avenue is preparing to return to Alaska. He came back from that country only a short time ago, but a letter he has received recently from J. E. Steers at Chena describes a new find. John Holmberg, Peter Nelson and Jack Duncan. They report that a new region has been discovered which will rival the Klondike, and that the new bonanza is in United States territory.

Thousands Have Kidney Trouble

And Do Not Even Suspect It.

Do Not Neglect Your Kidneys, Because if Kidney Trouble is Permitted to Continue, Fatal Results Are Sure to Follow.

It used to be considered that only urinary and bladder troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but modern science proves that nearly all diseases have their beginning in the disorder of these most important organs.

Therefore, when your kidneys are weak or out of order, you can understand how quickly your entire body is affected, and how every organ seems to fail to do its duty.

If you are sick or "feel badly," begin taking the great kidney remedy, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, because as soon as your kidneys are well they will help all the other organs to health. A trial will convince anyone.

DO NOT KNOW I HAD KIDNEY TROUBLE

Gentlemen—"About 18 months ago I was extremely sick for three weeks, and when I was able to leave my bed I was left with excruciating pains in my kidneys, which were like a burning fire, much like coffee. I could not sit little at a time, and then only after suffering great pain. My kidneys were so bad that I had no strength and was all run down. The doctor said my kidneys were not affected, and while I did not eat, I procured a bottle of Swamp-Root and three days commenced to feel better. Followed that with a diet and I was completely cured. My cure is very pleasant to me."

Mrs. H. V. Fletcher

11 High Rock St., Lynn, Mass.

Weal and unhealthy kidneys are responsible for more sickness and suffering than any other disease, and if permitted to continue much suffering with fatal results are sure to follow. Kidney trouble irritates the nerves, makes you dizzy, restless, sleepless and irritable; makes you pass water often during the day and obliges you to get up many times during the night. Unhealthy kidneys cause rheumatism, gravel, catarrh of the bladder, pain or dull ache in the back, joints or muscles; makes your head and backache.

To Prove what Swamp-Root, the Great Kidney Remedy, Will do for YOU, Every Reader of "The Post-Dispatch" May Have a Sample Bottle FREE.

SPECIAL NOTE—If you have the slightest symptoms of kidney or bladder trouble, or if there is a trace of it in your family history, send at once to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., who will gladly send you by mail, immediately, without cost to you, a sample bottle of Swamp-Root, and a book containing many of the thousands upon thousands of testimonial letters received from men and women cured by Swamp-Root. In writing to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure to say that you read this generous offer in the St. Louis Daily Post-Dispatch.

If you are already convinced that Swamp-Root is what you need, you can purchase the regular fifty-cent and one dollar size bottles at the drug stores everywhere. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.

Miss de Wolfe Confirms Her Engagement.

At the Southern last evening Miss de Wolfe confirmed the report of her engagement to Mr. Gebhardt. When asked about it, she replied:

"Yes, it is true. I am engaged to Mr. Gebhardt."

"I don't think I care to say just yet. I want to make a little reputation on the stage first. You know I did make quite a hit in my first comedy, and I am going to stick to legitimate drama from now on."

Miss de Wolfe explained how it was that the company was resting in St. Louis this

"You see we didn't want to play one-night stands, and it was too far to go back to New York, so we can't be here longer."

Miss de Wolfe said she was as though it were the most common thing in the world

Sunday
Post-Dispatch
Net

...Circulation...

For the Month of January, 1903

January 4, . 195,883
January 11, . 196,869
January 18, . 196,131
January 25, . 198,875

Largest NET Circulation West of the Mississippi by 85,000

People's Popular Want Ads
Total for December, 32,190

10,000 Greater Than the total of the next largest beside
Want Medium west of the Mississippi

When Arnold was known as Webb there were not so many files in his parlor.

Probably no senator feels that his bread depends upon the confirmation of Crum.

The turf investment collapses appears to have been a bitter pill to a large number of doctors.

The turf investor who compares his dividends with the \$3,000,000 Mr. Rockefeller has drawn will be truly miserable.

President Baer is not afraid to say what he thinks, but he ought to be afraid to think some of the things he says.

THAT BELATED POSTAL ORDER.

An order has been issued by the postoffice department for the withholding of the delivery of mail to any of the investment companies now under investigation in St. Louis.

Now that the horse has been stolen the stable is to be locked. The money of thousands of persons having been lost through the free use of the mails, the pitiful remnant now in the mails is to be saved.

Why did not the postoffice department act when the fraudulent character of these concerns was called to the attention of its officials? Three times the Post-Dispatch directed the attention of the officials to the get-rich-quick turf schemes, and Inspector Dick has stated that his reports were unfavorable, but to go now.

On the contrary, the advertising circulars of the caucus were carefully adjusted to fit the federal laws under the kindly suggestion of officials. The letter, practically approving of the methods of Arnold & Co., written by James Tyner, assistant attorney-general for the postoffice department, was spread broadcast as an advertisement.

What has been the matter with the postoffice department? Why were the reports of inspectors disregarded and the counsel of shrewd attorneys accepted and acted upon?

The withholding order from the postoffice department is not sufficient. There should be a thorough investigation of the department's conduct.

A board of lady managers without an appropriation is ideal-barren ideally in fact.

NO MORE CIRCUIT JUDGES.

It is difficult to perceive any good reason for an increase in the number of circuit judges except an additional judge for the proposed juvenile court.

But the objections are numerous and convincing.

The first is the needlessness of the increase. Judge Rommeyer points out that the number of cases failing to the share of each judge is smaller than in 1867-1871, when he was on the bench. In 1870 the total number of civil cases handled by each judge was 1200. It is now about 300. Nobody will pretend that the docket is crowded or that the business of courts is falling behind. The expense contemplated in the proposal will be sheer waste.

But it involves more than waste. It is a scheme which will profit only the office seekers, the politicians, their hangers-on, and the spoliens generally. It is notorious that every public office tends to become the center of political corruption and the more there are the more difficult it becomes to save the public administration from demoralization.

The circuit court is already well manned and fully equal to all demands. Alterations and changes are inexpedient.

Can the children be taught how to keep the city clean before this snow melts and drowns us all in a sea of mud?

VALUE OF PRESENCE OF MIND.

Miss Martin of Thayer, Ill., had not only nerve, but muscle. As described in Tuesday's Post-Dispatch, when she found the stairway of the school in which she taught was on fire, she formed the 50 children in line, marched them to the window, which was on the second story, and dropped every one of them safely to the ground. Then she swam herself down.

But for Miss Martin's presence of mind this little fire at Thayer would have been a terrible tragedy. The event should be remembered by girls and women, and should not be lost sight of by men. It proves that everything may be gained by keeping one's head in a crisis. The death rate would be largely reduced if people would control themselves at critical moments, instead of giving way to despair.

The police have seen neither Gill nor Lumpkin.

THE SOCIAL PACE.

In Washington the social pace is the pace that kills. Mrs. Roosevelt's breakdown is attributed to the tremendous round of social duties she has participated in since last November. A summary of these in Tuesday's Post-Dispatch indicates a life too strenuous for even the strongest woman.

It is a melancholy reflection that such a sacrifice is out of all proportion to the value of the object sought.

The complicated machinery of "functions" grinds too fine. Social pleasure in its best estate means happiness, health, life. In its worst it is a heavy burden, a formal duty, dead, mechanical and sure to end in unhappiness, disappointment and ill-health.

It is time for women to get away from the artificialities of society and embrace the realities. Only so can life be enjoyed as it was intended to be enjoyed.

Financier Ryan's assertion that he never worked for any man is true. His scheme was not to work for any man, but to work every man.

SAFEGUARDS FOR THE JUVENILE COURT.

There has been more or less discussion of the juvenile court bill upon the assumption that the bill now pending in the legislature provides that the court shall determine what is or is not "proper parental care." The fact does not seem to be generally known that the bill, as at present framed, contains no such provision. The Bar Association, in considering the measure as originally drawn, eliminated that provision so that the discussion of the propriety of giving that jurisdiction to the court is wholly academic. The bill as now framed classifies the cases in which the court shall have jurisdiction of children over the age of 16 years as follows:

First, delinquent children, that is those "who violate any law of this state or any city ordinance," who are to be dealt with in accordance with the criminal code, the court merely having power to mitigate punishment by stay of execution or otherwise in deserving cases.

The second class includes only the "neglected child," which,

under the act, is defined to be "any child under the age of 16 years who is destitute or homeless or abandoned or dependent upon the public for support, or who habitually begs or receives alms, is found in any house of ill fame, or with any vicious or disreputable person or who is suffering from the cruelty or depravity of its parents, or any other person in whose care it may be."

From this it will be seen that the conditions authorizing the court to take jurisdiction are those already generally recognized as necessary to the intervention of the state to preserve the child from dangers which are quite obvious. Nothing can be discerned in these definitions which would give to any court a discretionary power to invade the family circle unwarrentably. Moreover the bill provides that in all cases, following the practice of the Circuit Court, every question of fact requisite to establish the jurisdiction may be tried by a jury, and if the information alleged be not sustained by the proof, the costs of the proceedings may be adjudged against the informant. It seems perfectly clear, then, that there is no danger lurking in the bill calculated to infringe constitutional rights, and the measure is in its nature of such indisputable value that it should soon receive the sanction of the law.

Recommendations of postal inspectors in plain cases of fraud are ignored by the department at Washington, and the assistant attorney-general sends a letter which is used by the rascals as an advertisement. Why? Other recommendations by postal inspectors have been ignored.

WANTED, A MAN WHO CAN.

Public business is suspended in the courthouse and the patients in the City Hospital are freezing. There is no coal.

This preposterous condition is found in a city which wants to be known as a World's Fair City, a city of great achievement, a city of intelligence, energy and enterprise.

It isn't because there is a coal famine. There is plenty of coal to be had. There has been no scarcity.

It is because the persons whose business it is to provide the coal and keep enough on hand for all emergencies didn't order the fuel in time.

When it was ordered the contractor couldn't haul it. The streets are so slippery, and besides there aren't teams enough.

So the judges and juries go home and helpless creatures in the hospital shiver and die.

Of course nobody is to blame. Nobody is ever to blame for failure of the public service in St. Louis.

Such unfortunate accidents can't be prevented.

The number of things that can't be done in St. Louis is extraordinary. For one plain duty that can be performed there are ten that can't.

There ought to be an exception, however, in favor of the City Hospital. The patients in that sorry barn are none too comfortable at the best. There ought to be somebody intelligent and energetic enough to perform ordinary duties—somebody who can.

Give the men who can't a long holiday and turn the public service over to those who can.

What a pity municipal cleanliness was not taught in the public schools 10 years ago. Had it been, the most now at the head of affairs would know just what to do in the present crisis and we should not have to wait until prattling babes are taught the precious secret.

WAR AND TALK.

Where there is so much smoke there must be some talk. So Russia and Austria propose a conference to settle that Macedonian trouble.

That's the way of the modern world—a disturbance of the peace in a secluded corner of the earth, bloody rumors of war, talk—no war.

On the whole it is a good way. When we all get used to it the rumors will be omitted; then the restless people who stir up such foolish quarrels will have to find other means to attract attention. Only talk will be left. We can't do without that. What would the ambassadors and secretaries and envoys, ordinary and extraordinary, do without talk?

What Mexican half dollar, which looks so much like our own, and is worth almost nothing in the United States, was not among the things that passed away with the old year. It is still circulating here as change, and the Mexican-half-dollar face is frequently to be seen on the men who haven't noticed the coin until they have offered it to somebody more observing than themselves.

It will not be difficult for Mr. Stead to start a serial story that shall go on forever. It will be merely a matter of employing writers. The trouble will be in retaining readers, even if he can furnish all the back numbers.

An American World's Fair without an adequate Philippine exhibit would lack an essential feature. If the Philippines treasury is unable to supply funds, Congress owes it to the country to make ample provision.

When New South Wales was a free-trade colony it was highly prosperous. Since the imposition of tariff duties its prosperity has declined and its people are discontented. How can such things be?

With so stout a champion of tariff taxation as Senator Aldrich there is no possibility of getting along on the free list, however desirable such legislation may appear to Missourians.

The first is the needlessness of the increase. Judge Rommeyer points out that the number of cases failing to the share of each judge is smaller than in 1867-1871, when he was on the bench. In 1870 the total number of civil cases handled by each judge was 1200. It is now about 300. Nobody will pretend that the docket is crowded or that the business of courts is falling behind. The expense contemplated in the proposal will be sheer waste.

But it involves more than waste. It is a scheme which will profit only the office seekers, the politicians, their hangers-on, and the spoliens generally. It is notorious that every public office tends to become the center of political corruption and the more there are the more difficult it becomes to save the public administration from demoralization.

The circuit court is already well manned and fully equal to all demands. Alterations and changes are inexpedient.

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BASEBALL

MILWAUKEE WILL
NOT GET FRIEL

PUGILISM

KELLEY AND SCHRECK
TO MEET AGAIN.

SKATING

STATE CHAMPIONS
MEET TONIGHT.

SPORT

ANOTHER SCHRECK-KELLEY GO LIKELY

The Men Have Met Three Times and Schreck Has Obtained Two of the Decisions.

Mike Schreck and Hugo Kelley will probably be seen at the West End Club one week from Thursday in a 20-round bout. The exhibition given by the men when they fought 15 rounds here several weeks ago, was such that the West End Club thinks it will be justified in letting the men try it again, although Kelley has won the decision on points in the other affair.

Schreck is a spectacular fighter who pleases the crowd. On record, he has a good record, stretching from the floor to the ceiling in a state of calm repose. The men have fought three rounds. The first was a knockout secured by Schreck, and the third was a decision for Schreck, and the third a decision for Kelley.

In the last bout, Kelley was apparently going to win, but lost 15th and 16th rounds, and his fate, as well as all decided rounds been scheduled, might not have been so happy.

At Nell, the Pacific coast fighter, whom Maindy Doye is arranging to bring here shortly for a bout with the winner of the two previous bouts, could not be given his bumps at Portland, Oregon, last week. Tommy Reilly of Seattle was given a decision over him after 20 rounds, though the two fighters set up a howl that made the roof tremble.

The report of the battle state that the earth shuddered under the weight of the best of the fighting. He drew blood on Nell and jabbed him repeatedly.

In the 18th Nell knocked Reilly down for the second time, but the Irishman had followed up his advantage. Reilly labored under a disadvantage after the tenth round, but holding his hand in that interval, according to reports.

Reilly is a fighter with a punch and some cleverness, too. He should make a good man to go on with Mike Schreck.

Andrew Stevenson, the clerk who would be a light in having a hard time finding out another fighter to meet him in a plain common "dub," has been turned down again by the West End Club, in his search for an opportunity to try himself out.

Stevenson was the only one of three men named by Schreck for the proposed three-men-in-one meeting, who accepted the "dub" fighter's terms.

When the others failed to come to terms and the match fell through, Stevenson was given a chance to meet the champion and be satisfied at the expense of some other fighters than Mike Schreck.

Stevenson says he has been disappointed in this too, and the best new offered his sore spirit is the consolation of a match with Jim Douglass one week from Thursdays.

Brougham says he hates to say why he don't put Stevenson on. "Andy is a nice boy," said the West End Club president, "but I think he has tried out at the West End Club when he should have wanted to meet Schreck and if I were his father I would tell him to stick to his studies." Stevenson is a good boy, but lucrative in the long run. I am not after having any slaughter house performances in my ring, and if Stevenson wants to be a fighter we will let him work here, but in the condition that once put him near the top of the ladder the West End Club will be able to offer an exceptional card.

OTHER COCKED-HAT RESULTS.

Newspaper League—Slevers 4, Fishers 1; Powers 4, Richters 1; Elkhorn League—Prides 3, Stiffles 2; Office Men's League—Leftingwells 3; Cardinals 20.

SENT FREE TO MEN

A Most Remarkable Remedy That Quickly Restores Lost Vigor to Men.

A Free Trial Package Sent by Mail to All Who Write.

Remarkable packages of a most remarkable remedy being sent free to all who write to the Medical Institute. They cured so many men who had battled for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood, that the Institute has decided to distribute free trial packages to all who write. It is a home treatment and all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness, resulting from youthful folly, premature loss of strength and memory, weak back, varicose veins, or elevation of parts can now cure themselves at home.

The remedy has a peculiar grateful effect of warmth and seems to act direct to the desired location, giving strength and development just where it is needed. It cures all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the natural functions and has been an absolute success in all cases. A request to the State Medical Institute, 1813 Elektron Building, Ft. Wayne, Indiana, stating you desire to receive their free trial package, will be complied with. The Medical Institute is desirous of reaching that great class of men who are unable to leave home to be treated and the free sample will enable them to see how easy it is to be cured of sexual weakness when the proper remedies are employed. The trial package will be sent a free sample, carefully sealed in a plain package, so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or pollution. Readers are requested to write without delay.

DR. KING CURES

Stricture Without Knives or Bougie—Contagious Blood Poison Never to Return—Loss of Manly Vigor—No Stimulant, but Permanent—Varicocele Without Operation.

I write to you because I am afflicted with any disease peculiar to that male sex to which you have referred or to write me and I will explain to you my method of cure. I invite in particular all men who have become impotent or sterile to meet elsewhere. I will demonstrate to your entire satisfaction how I can care for you permanently.

A CERTAINTY of a cure is what you want. I have so much confidence in my treatment that I am willing to accept in your case without any consideration of ADVANCE.

I send with the same guarantee of success, Name, Address, Piles, Kidney, Bladder and Urethral trouble, Stricture, Varicocele, Home Treatment symptom blanks sent free. Hours: 8 a.m. to 4 p.m. Sun., 9 a.m. to 2 p.m.

Dr. King, 602 Pine St., St. Louis, Mo.

SMITH LOSES CAPTAIN AND SEEKS A NEW SHORTSTOP

Withdrawal of Frank Liebke From Academy Has Crippled the Red and White Team.

Interscholastic baseball pennant hopes at Smith Academy have received a severe setback. The team is without a captain and shortstop.

Frank Liebke, who has played on the red and white team for three years, two as captain, has withdrawn from school.

Trouble arising over the refusal of certain class privileges is responsible for the loss of Liebke.

The nature of the disagreement was not made known, but Liebke declares that he is through at Smith, though he expresses much regret at being unable to round out his four years with the baseball team.

He contemplates finishing the scholastic year at an independent school.

As yet the matter has not引起了 abroad and no action has been taken toward selecting Liebke's successor. Earl

Blackwell, a sophomore, has been selected to the place if length of service is considered, he has been playing three years with the team.

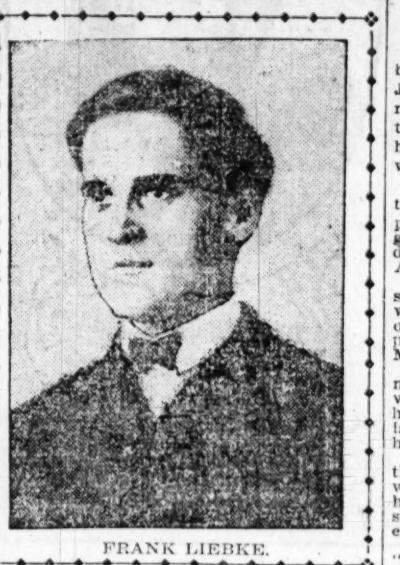
Liebke is not only well known in the interscholastic game, but is regarded as one of the best amateurs in St. Louis.

"I'm a younger, he has had offers to play with the big clubs," said Blackwell.

He is a hard hitter, and last season won the batting cup in the interscholastic competition, hitting better than .400 in the interscholastic series.

He was elected captain after Slim Price graduated in 1900. He has been successful in his work, and when the team won the school won the championship in the three games decisive one by the narrowest of narrow margins.

Smith Academy students are disheartened at this latest development. But five



FRANK LIEBKE.

FRIEL IS YEARNED FOR IN MILWAUKEE

Manager Cantillon Says August Is Coming Home But He Has Signed in St. Louis.

Up in Milwaukee the voice of the baseball manager is working overtime. One Josephus Cantillon, erstwhile umpire, now manager of the Brewers, announces again that Augustus William Friel will change his summer resort from St. Louis to Milwaukee.

Mr. Friel is a very good ball player and the remarks of Manager Cantillon are proof of his desire to give Milwaukee a good ball team, but there is one slight difficulty. Friel is signed to a St. Louis American League contract.

That would not have been a great obstacle in the days gone by, but it is now difficult to find a club that will not touch other's pocketbooks. Still, Mr. Cantillon promises to have Friel performing in the Milwaukee outfit.

As an addendum to his proclamation, he casually mentions that Friel will be sure to be on hand unless St. Louis happens to want him. In noting that there is a good deal of interest in Milwaukee, he is departing from true managerial ways.

Secretary Hedges of the Browns said to the Daily News yesterday: "Friel was too valuable a man to be released and he gave Mr. Cantillon's story a jolt by stating that the Milwaukee club had never even compensated him for his services."

The old way was to hand the money and "con" to the player. The new way is different. The magnate gets the money, but Friel can keep his hands clean.

Giving a baseball magnate a "con" is just like selling water to a milkman.

Mr. Cantillon is remembered as the manager who formerly officiated in the American League, but who lasted but a short while in the National. St. Louis fans have been awaiting the news of the decisions he handed down at League Park in a game against New York last spring.

He allowed a man to score from third on a foul ball, but felt it was safe to base and himself before the ball was caught. "Old Can't-Tell-'Em," as they used to call him, was watching the catch and decided to give the man his home run.

Friel will be held in reserve for either outfield or infield work with the Browns.

Last season and his first with the Browns he had made him one of the most valuable men on the team, though he was not a regular.

In one week he played every infield position, the next he was behind the bat, and then pitched in the last game of the season.

He may be out of a job, but he is a good player.

Fiel is a good ball player and should be third.

Fourth race, Carnival stakes, 2-year-olds, four furlongs—Dick Bernard, first; Manshak, second; Acorn R., third.

Erants 100 Manshak 110

Acorn R. 103 Ed Bell 88

The Brown Monarch, 103 Thick Bernard 111

Uman & Hayman entry. Turmel & Herz entry.

Dick Bernard has shown up well in his racing. He likes fast track and has shown a disposition to go throughout. For this reason he is selected to win. Manshak is a steady colt and will probably outfoot his field. Thick Bernard has a good record.

Erants has a large following. He is a fair colt and is sure to be a contender. This race is a short one to beat and bettors would do well to pass to Erants.

Fifth race, owners' handicap, six furlongs—L'Etrene, first; Scorpio, second; St. Cuthbert, third.

L'Etrene 99 Wiel 100

Celebration 99 Scorpio 102

Bummer 99 Basser 100

Scorpion 100 St. Cuthbert 101

Erants 100 G. S. 102

Erants 100 Charles D. 103

Leford 100 Benson 103

Benson 100 Benson Caldwell 113

This is not a very inviting spot for a place to bet, and the odds are not good.

With only 99 pounds in the saddle, L'Etrene should hang up a track record in this race. She certainly has the foot of the party, and if she can run a race she will be a winner. Scorpio could be second. He is also fast and is one of the most consistent horses at the track. He should be third.

Sixth race, selling, one mile—Benson Caldwell, first; Maj. Mansr, second; St. Cuthbert, third.

L'Etrene 99 Wiel 100

Celebration 99 Scorpio 102

Bummer 99 Basser 100

Scorpion 100 St. Cuthbert 101

Erants 100 G. S. 102

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POST-DISPATCH DAILY RECORD OF FINANCIAL AND MARKET DOINGS

ONLY ACTIVITY
IS IN COPPER
WELL DISTRIBUTED

THE TRADING WAS
BULLS BROKE
WHEAT VALUES

Early Wall Street Trading Is
Dull and Featureless at
Slight Declines.

LONDON CABLES
FRACTIONALLY LOWER

Amalgamated Copper and the Balance
of the Industrials Again Fur-
nished the Bulk of the Stock
Exchange Business.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—With the exception of Copper the opening on Wall street was decidedly featureless and without features. London came dull and heavy with declines of from $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ and its few movements were.

Copper fell $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{3}{4}$ per cent., while silver rose $\frac{1}{4}$ per cent.

Smeister sold off slightly, but recovered some. American Locomotive was also active with slight gains.

The most important news of the morning came in the nature of a cable to the Herald to the effect that Germany had decided to enter the market for Brazil, Argentina and Colombia and would keep its fleet in the South American waters for the present. What effect this will have on the stock market was not apparent during the early session.

The Herald said this morning that Louisville and Nashville will issue \$30,000,000 new bonds and will retire \$7,500,000 of 4 per cent bonds now outstanding.

The following are the opening prices with details and advances from yesterday's close:

Atchison, 87 $\frac{1}{2}$, dec. 42; Brooklyn, 60 $\frac{1}{2}$, dec. 42; Chicago, 72 $\frac{1}{2}$, dec. 42; Commonwealth, 114 $\frac{1}{2}$, adv. 4 $\frac{1}{2}$; Pennsylvania, 150, unchanged; Sugar, 13 $\frac{1}{2}$, adv. 4 $\frac{1}{2}$; Southern Pacific, 94 $\frac{1}{2}$, dec. 42; Smeister, 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, adv. 4 $\frac{1}{2}$; Union Pacific, 101 $\frac{1}{2}$, dec. 42; Steel, 32 $\frac{1}{2}$, dec. 42; Wabash, 50, dec. 42.

The highly satisfactory condition of the metal market is given as a reason for the activity in the copper and smaller stocks. London and the rest were relatively unaltered.

There was also rumors of a rapid upturn of consolidation of the larger companies, but this did not materialize.

The transactions at the morning session in the local stock exchange were more diversified than for some time past. Instead of being almost wholly a traction market, the general list showed sales in more diversified fields.

At the start traction appeared to have the center of the stage, but it soon was apparent that there was a large number of other stocks in the market which were practically dormant for quite a period.

Laclede Gas gave way to the electric lighting issues and bidding on the electric lighting issues was bidding on the telephone and telegraph stocks, as well as on the bond and 150 shares of the common came out at a fractional advance.

The matter of closing the Exchange Saturday, Washington's birthday was informally discussed, but no action taken at the morning session.

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The new bond issues of Erie, Louisville and St. Louis, and the stock issues of Chicago, New western, Chicago Great Western, and the expected issue from St. Paul, find that the market is still very quiet, but the underwriting syndicates have in several instances been compelled to borrow money on the issues until they could work up a market for them.

WALL STREET.

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—The majority of stocks were lower on the opening quotation. Amalgamated and Tennessee Tennessee Coal were conspicuous exceptions with advances of a large fraction, and Anaconda rose 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ in sympathy with the market. The market was relatively unaltered.

There was also rumors of a rapid upturn of consolidation of the larger companies, but this did not materialize.

There was little common business, the transactions being mainly confined to port and room trading.

The day was very quiet. Wall street more than anything at the present time is the fact that printing presses are working day and night and turn out more new bonds and stock than the public are able to absorb.

The new bond issues of Erie, Louisville and St. Louis, and the stock issues of Chicago, New western, Chicago Great Western, and the expected issue from St. Paul, find that the market is still very quiet, but the underwriting syndicates have in several instances been compelled to borrow money on the issues until they could work up a market for them.

Dealers were very quiet and rather irregular. A number of the active leaders, including St. Louis, New York, Atlanta, and San Francisco, and Tennessee, California, ran off below their opening prices. Meanwhile, Wabash preferred, Brooklyn Transit, Standard Oil, and the like, were steady. Coal gained 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ while Colorado Fuel and Gas, Standard Oil, and the like, lost 1 and New Jersey Central, 4 points.

The market sagged from inaction, and business was slow, lowered all Virginia, Carolina, Georgia, and the like, lost 1 and Minneapolis, St. Paul, and Salt Lake City lost 2 $\frac{1}{2}$.

New York Money and Exchange.

NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—Money on call, steady at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Sterling exchange, firm, with advances of 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Gold exchange, steady at 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Bills of exchange, steady, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Government bonds, steady, 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ Consolidated Gas and Pressed Steel Car and Fort Worth & Denver City demand point. Bonds were steady at noon.

Most of the limited selling was in Atlanta, which again touched 74, the highest price since the first opening. The market hardened when gold exports tomorrow were seen to be unlikely, but eased off again with a loss of 1 $\frac{1}{2}$. New York Central, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Preferred, sold in decline of 15 points from the preceding sale last month, and Canada Southern fell 1 $\frac{1}{2}$. American, the speediest, 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, and Canada, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ Goss-Sheffield Steel preferred, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$. Consolidated Gas and Pressed Steel Car and Fort Worth & Denver City demand point. Bonds were steady at noon.

Prices drifted slightly in an aimless way, but were quiet. The market hardened when gold exports tomorrow were seen to be unlikely, but eased off again with a loss of 1 $\frac{1}{2}$. New York Central, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Preferred, sold in decline of 15 points from the preceding sale last month, and Canada Southern fell 1 $\frac{1}{2}$. American, the speediest, 17 $\frac{1}{2}$, and Canada, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$ Goss-Sheffield Steel preferred, 4 $\frac{1}{2}$. Consolidated Gas and Pressed Steel Car and Fort Worth & Denver City demand point. Bonds were steady at noon.

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Supply Your Want

Advertisements to appear in the NOON issue of the Daily Post-Dispatch must be received in this office on the PRECEDING day. Those advertisements received BEFORE 11:45 A. M. will be classified in the regular editions of the same day. Those received between 11:45 and 12:15 may or may not be classified, according to the varying possibilities of the day.

THURSDAYS AND SATURDAYS—No advertisements received after 12 NOON for the issues of those days.

SATURDAY NIGHT—Advertisements received up to 10:30 p. m. will be classified for the Sunday Post-Dispatch.

Supply Your Want

FOR EXCHANGE.

Our Care, Your Notice.—Real Estate advertisements are not accepted for this classification.

TRUNK WANTED—For exchange, overcoat, size 36; for man's trunk, or what have you? To Ad. E. 12, Post-Dispatch.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALE.

ACCOUNTANT—Position as office clerk, accountant or collector by young man of good character and honor. Ad. F. 19, Post-Disp.

BARTENDER—Good bartender wants position; middle-aged man. Ad. T. S. 997, Market st.

BOOKEKEEPER—Sit. wanted by young man as assistant bookkeeper; good references; speak German; also prefer place where there is a chance for advancement. Ad. F. 12, Post-Disp.

BOOKKEEPER—Sit. wanted as assistant bookkeeper; good references; boy, young man. Ad. F. 18, can furnish reference. Ad. L. 40, Post-Disp.

BOY—Sit. wanted by No. 1 good boy; city references; call or write. Joe Bourlaas, 3938 Fairfax.

BOY—Sit. wanted by boy of 16 years; in machine shop. Ad. D. 2651 Hebert st.

CANDY MAKER—All-around candy maker permanent position to take charge; good references. Ad. L. 41, Post-Disp.

CARPENTER—A carpenter wants work; will work very reasonable. Ad. L. 141, Post-Disp.

CARPENTER—Wants jobbing to do; work very cheap; estimates furnished. Ad. F. 96, P.-D.

CLERK—Position wanted as grocery clerk, age 28; 6 years' experience. Ad. H. M., 2710 N. 16th st.

CLERK—Sit. wanted as night clerk or watchman; good references furnished. Ad. F. 108, Post-Disp.

CLERK—Position as hotel clerk or situation in loan office; good references; sit. \$25 per day; education; 15 per cent first month's salary to assure; no security; permanent position \$5 week or more. Ad. F. 60, Post-Disp.

COOK—Sit. wanted as second cook, by colored man. Ad. 102 Monroe st., 2d floor.

COOK—Sit. wanted as cook and waiter; can bring good references. Ben Davis, 1511 Chestnut st.

DRUGGIST—Relief work wanted by registered druggist Tuesdays and Fridays. Call up Jim Koch, 1322 Locust st.

HOUSEKEEPER—Sit. by boy 15 years old as houseboy. Call 1116 N. 22d st.

MAN—Capable man with 10 years' experience in retail grocery business wishes position; best of references must have work. Ad. L. 190, P.-D.

MAN—Sit. wanted by young colored man as porter. 16 N. 20th st.

MAN—Wanted position in wholesale house by young man of fair education; desires to learn business; some experience; references furnished. Ad. L. 137, Post-Disp.

MAN—Sit. wanted by young colored man a water in hotel; good references. Wishes house position. Ad. F. 407, 2100 Watson st.

COLLECTOR—Sit. wanted as collector or salesman; good references. Ad. F. 108, Post-Disp.

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MAN—Sit. wanted by young man as assistant bookkeeper or office boy; one year's experience; good references; \$25 per month. Ad. F. 113, P.-D.

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CHICKEN OWNER WON SUIT

Neighbor Sought Damages for Wounds Inflicted by Dog.

Mrs. Niemeyer and her dog opposed Julius Kuhn in a hand-to-hand conflict which is described by the complainant in a suit decided in the Circuit Court at Clayton.

Mrs. Niemeyer and her dog live at "Downey," a large, two-story, brown country seat.

It is alleged that last summer Julius Kuhn remonstrated with Mrs. Niemeyer for allowing her children to roam about his golden sand dunes hill topmane. The dispute ended, it is said, with bows. Kuhn weighs 180 pounds, but Mrs. Niemeyer's dog bit him twice, and he was glad to agree to an armistice.

Six hours afterward he returned with a shotgun and pistol. Mrs. Niemeyer saw her antagonist approaching, she called her husband and whistled to the dog.

Kuhn essayed to conquer without the use of arms, but the dog was too much for him, worried, being compelled to retreat without his weapons. Suit was brought in Justice of the Peace Hugh J. Facci's court and it was taken up by the Circuit Court, where Niemeyer won the decision Tuesday.

State Consumptive Home.

A committee of St. Louis physicians left for Jefferson City Wednesday morning to urge the passage of a bill providing for the establishment of a state home for consumptives to be built at a cost of \$100,000 a day evening. The committee consists of Drs. George Homan, F. J. Lutz, R. M. Funkhouser, William Porter, B. H. Grafe, L. H. Behrens and F. Reeder.



Gold Medal

At Pan-American Exposition.



Unlike Any Other!

The full flavor, the delicious quality, the absolute **Purity** of Lowney's Breakfast Cocoa distinguish it from all others.

No "treatment" with alkalies; no adulteration with flour, starch or ground coco shells; nothing but the nutritive and digestible product of the choicest Cocoa Beans.

Ask Your Dealer for it.

Sweet-Pure-Clean

Swift's Jersey Butterine



made from the very choicest materials—ingredients in daily use in every kitchen.

Put up in one and two-pound prints in printed paper wrapper like illustration.



Swift & Company, Chicago
Kansas City Omaha St. Louis Ft. Worth

ANOTHER VICTIM OF SOCIAL STRAIN

Mrs. Knox, Attorney-General's Wife, Prostrated by Capital's Fast Pace.

PHYSICIAN ORDERS HER TO CANCEL ALL ENGAGEMENTS

Society's Obligations Now Far More Exacting Than Those That Fill:

Vice-President Hobart, Mrs. Gage and Miss Long.

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—As result of the capitol's strenuous life, Mrs. Philander Knox, the attorney-general's wife, yesterday afternoon suffered a nervous collapse similar to that which, from the same cause, prostrated Mrs. Roosevelt.

Mrs. Knox has been ailing several days.

Yesterday, her symptoms took an acute form. Her physician ordered the cancellation of all her social engagements, including her reception tomorrow and a dinner party on Friday.

He also ordered that Mrs. Knox leave Washington not later than the end of this week. She will probably go to Atlantic City until she is strong enough for a trip south.

Mrs. Knox has been one of the most indefatigable hostesses in the official set. She has given a succession of dinners and luncheons and a large reception every Wednesday afternoon since the middle of December.

Her symptoms are not serious, in her physician's opinion, if she rigidly obeys his orders to take absolute rest.

Mrs. Roosevelt today was able to go to Philadelphia to be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. John W. Brock at the opera tonight. This engagement with Mrs. Brock, who is one of Mrs. Roosevelt's close friends, was made last summer.

Mrs. Roosevelt

Visits Philadelphia.

Mrs. Roosevelt gained the consent of her physician to make the trip, but by his orders, she will curtail her visit and return home tomorrow afternoon to rest again.

A trip down the river to Chesapeake Bay as soon as the weather moderates is on Dr. Rice's suggestions to aid Mrs. Roosevelt's recovery.

Unless some unforeseen complication arises, the musicale scheduled for Friday will be given, as the President and Mrs. Roosevelt do not desire to recall invitations.

Breakdowns due to the social strain are not new to the national capital. Vice-President Hobart, Mrs. Hobart and their son have been haled by it, and friends of the late Mrs. Lyman J. Gage declare that, if she had not been on the verge of nervous prostration, she would have died of the severe cold she contracted at the second inauguration of President McKinley would not have been fatal.

Another analysis of the system of constant entertaining are Miss Wilson, daughter of the secretary of agriculture; Miss Hobart, daughter of the vice-president; Captain of the navy; Mrs. Root, daughter of the secretary of war; Mrs. Charles E. Smith, wife of the former postmaster-general, and Miss Marguerite Cassini, niece of the Russian ambassador.

Mrs. Gage's fatal social strain and, when she was exposed to the pneumonia and heart attack in pipe, it attacked the heart and proved fatal.

Early in the season of 1900 Count Cassini found it necessary to limit his social activities on account of his infirmities to two a week so much had she been exhausted by the strain.

Miss Low became an invalid in 1899 and died soon afterward. Naturally of a delicate constitution, she failed visibly under the heavy duties of social position.

"I led a quiet, quiet life, more sleep and less entertaining, but while they have been agitating it for several years, conditions have grown worse instead of better.

BARBERS APPEAL TO PUBLIC.

Sanitary and License Laws Said to Be Entirely Unreasonable.

The Barbers' Mutual Aid Association of Missouri has appealed to public sentiment to obtain a repeal or modification of the law requiring barbers to pass an examination and to conduct shops according to certain sanitary laws.

The tonsorialists regard the regulation as too strict. They have issued an address calling on the association that no barber can comply with the rules prescribed. "Cleanliness is all that is required," the barbers say, "but no would-be sanitary money-making offices are in demand."

Why Suffer With Dyspepsia? Sulphuric (Anti-Ferment) will cure you.

TURF COMPANY OFFICIALS.

Smith Reveals Identity of Associates in National Securities Co.

Percy Smith, secretary of the National Securities Co., has informed the circuit attorney's office as to the identity of the men forming that company. C. T. Sims, the president, Smith says, comes from Hannibal, Mo.; J. M. Brooks, the treasurer, from Chicago. Smith claims he himself came from Memphis, Tenn. He tells some big stories as to the money put into the company and contains the statement of Brooks that Brooks is only an employee.

Curfew Law Proposed.

A Bill will be introduced in the Municipal Assembly establishing a curfew law for St. Louis by the St. Louis Curfew Association, organized in the Central Y. M. C. A. Tuesday evening.

The following officers were chosen: President, Isaac M. Mason; vice-presidents, Dr. J. C. St. John, Dr. W. H. Wolf, Frank P. Hayes and W. H. Nolle; secretary, Rev. C. C. Stahlmann; treasurer, S. M. Kennedy; executive committee, E. O. Simard, James L. Blair, Dr. W. H. Hodder, W. H. McClellan, E. P. V. Ritter, William Randolph, Frank Wyman, Rev. C. C. Stahlmann, Charles S. Smith, Frank Long, Dr. Rev. S. C. Pier and Rev. H. J. Messing; girls' department, Mrs. H. H. Waggoner.

Over One and a Half Millions Of bottles of G. H. Mumm & Co.'s Extra Dry champagne were imported into this country during 1902, an achievement unparalleled in the history of the champagne trade.

"RESURRECTION" IS MUCH TOO GLOOMY

Special to the Post-Dispatch
NEW YORK, Feb. 18.—An English version of a French adaptation of Tolstoy's Russian novel, "Resurrection," was heard here and in London last night for the first time. Lena Ashwell and Beerbohm Tree, the chief actors in the production, and Blanche Walsh and Joseph Haworth were seen in the play here.

As usual there is a wide difference of opinion as to the success of the play.

All critics agree that the play is depressing in the extreme, but at present intensely dramatic.

A cabaret in the Tribune says the London reading was "acted too deliberately" and "was a disappointment."

The London correspondent cables:

"It was deeply impressive as a moral lesson; but as a drama it belongs unimpassioned to the category of the second best. It is like a lion and goes out like a mouse."

The World cables:

"It will hardly be reckoned among the best plays of the year, but it is a good one."

Special to the Post-Dispatch.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 18.—As result of the capitol's strenuous life, Mrs. Philander



(As Maslova in "Resurrection.")

BOER GIRLS ARE LIKE LILIES

But American Girls Have Such "Beastly Complexions," South African Declares.

"American women have such beastly complexions. The girls of my country are far as illes, and you never see them about the streets as you do here."

Further, he wrote, he had been told upon his return to Africa that the Boers were not as good as the English.

He also ordered that Mrs. Knox leave Washington not later than the end of this week. She will probably go to Atlantic City until she is strong enough for a trip south.

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the president, Smith says, comes from

Hannibal, Mo.; J. M. Brooks, the treasurer,

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Hodder, W. H. McClellan, E. P. V. Ritter,

William Randolph, Frank Wyman, Rev.

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